Amazing Worlds

THE DIGITAL NEWSPAPER



Andy Walker on his specially adapted quad-bike for people with paralysis-SWNS

Paralyzed Man Sets Off to Cycle Entire Length of Britain on a Motorized Bike Controlled by His Chin

Amazing people

----- GOOD NEWS NETWORK AUG 4, 2024

A 47-year-old paralyzed man hopes to become the first person to cycle the entire 1,000-mile length of Britain using a motorized bike controlled by his chin.

Andy Walker set off on his epic voyage from Lands End today, in a specially made quad-cycle with the goal of arriving at John O'Groats in two weeks—and he's raising thousands for a charity involved in motor neuron disease (MND), an incurable brain condition.

The ex-competitive swimmer was 28 when he suffered a spinal cord injury after hitting a rock as he dove into the sea from Goa, India. He was left paralyzed from the neck down, and local doctors gave him just a one percent chance of survival.

But he refused to give up. He underwent a major operation at a hospital specializing in spinal injuries in Delhi, and was later flown back to England, where he spent a further eight months at Sheffield Northern Hospital.

"Since my accident, I've had absolute conviction and determination to lead a full and rewarding life," said Walker. "Taking on these extreme challenges helps me continue to live my dream and make a difference to other people." Andy previously rode 350 miles across Kenya on a motorized quad bike and says he is motivated to complete these extreme charity challenges to "transform" the lives of others

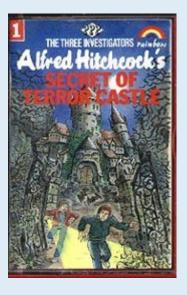
"This will be physically and mentally tough for me, but I'll be able to get through it with the support of my friends and family, and knowing the money I raise will help transform the lives of so many people." Andy team, including his cousin Lisa and lifelong friend Alan, will be traveling across the country this month, taking in some of the UK's most beautiful landscapes. They'll start in Cornwall before heading through Shropshire, and then go up to the Yorkshire Dales and the Lake District, before reaching John O'Groats in Scotland

The Secret of Terror Castle Three Investigators" series Reviw

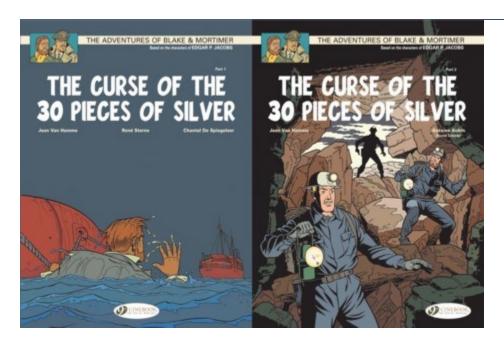
----- D ANDRSON

is an American juvenile detective novel written by Robert Arthur, Jr.[1] It is the first book in the "Three Investigators" series. Three boys are investigating a known haunted house, Terror Castle, in hopes that perhaps the film director Alfred Hitchcock would use it in his upcoming movie. Having just launched their investigation firm, the Three Investigators are hoping for a triumphant success to gain publicity and build their credibility. They briefly gain an audience with the skeptical Hitchcock, who is dismissive but agrees to introduce their case if they are able to demonstrate that the castle is truly haunted. The books hard to find if find 2nd hand copy some whare by chanse find just shame print was joy to read , I use have casset of the first adventure was dramatist and edit well to make story fast pase exciting wonderful radio sound music efffets also picture the characters well, can catch audio drama on youtube or Internet Archive .

https://archive.org/details/the-threeinvestigators-alfred-hitchcocks-secretof-terror-castle



In 1984, an audio adaptation based on the book was released on cassette (BOW-100) by Rainbow Communications Limited of England. It was adapted by Edward Kelsey and directed by Tony Bilbow



Blake and Mortimer - Curse Of The 30 Pieces Of Silver

Blake and Mortimer – Curse Of The 30 Pieces Of Silver

Review:

----- D ANDERSON

EP Jacobs' adventurers, Professor Phillip Mortimer and British agent Captain Francis Blake, return in a pair of modern books, The Curse of the 30 Pieces of Silver Parts 1 and 2, written by Jean Van Hamme, illustrated by three different artists, and originally published in France in 2009 and 2010. Plot: When Colonel Olrik is broken out of an American jail, Captain Blake is called in by the American police to advise them while Professor Mortimer is invited to the National Archaeological Museum of Athens to consult on a ancient coin that may be one of the 30 pieces of silver given to Judas to betray Jesus to the Romans. Meanwhile Olrik discovers that his 'benefactor' is a former Nazi officer who believes that if he can find Judas' 30 pieces of silver he will command the wrath of God and so be able to dominate the world. With Blake after Olrik, Olrik after Mortimer, and Mortimer after the coins, the scene is set for a cat and mouse treasure hunt around the Greek islands.

Jean Van Hamme is one of Belgium's most successful contemporary novelists and comics writers. His most popular successes are "Thorgal," "Largo Winch," "Lady S.," and "XIII," all published in English by Cinebook. Rene Sterne was a Belgian author, creator of the series "Adler." He was chosen to work with Jean Van Hamme on a new "Blake & Mortimer" adventure. Unfortunately, he passed away in 2006 before it was finished, and it was his wife Chantal De Spiegeleer who completed the work. Love art work to theses books give amazing detail to the places of places give mystry to give reader room to think has alternative time feel of 1950s of cold war years plays with past mystrys to make there is trurth with some leangends, even alens could vist earth in past in some there adentures, also new take on geek myths

Hergé: In the Shadow of Tintin

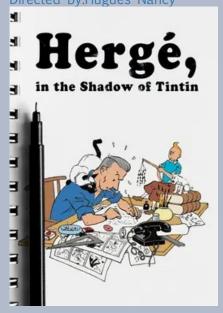
Tubi online choice

---- DAZ CHOICE

Hergé: In the Shadow of Tintin Hergé: In the Shadow of Tintin 2016 · 55 documentarymin Enterment

Foreign/International · Documentary An intimate look at the artist who dedicated his life to his creation, Tintin. How did his creative process change by the popularity of one work?

Subtitles: English Starring:Michael FarrPierre Fresnault-DeruellePhilippe Goddin Directed by:Hugues Nancy



Georges Remi, known as Hergé, a complex and complicated artist, created Tintin, one of the most famous characters in the world. With exceptional access to the archives of Studios Hergé and Moulinsart, this documentary looks at Remi's life and the way he changed the art of comic.

Blake and Mortimer (TV series

YouTube choice / internet achive



- MIRJAM NILSSON

Blake and Mortimer is an animated television series, based on the Blake and Mortimer comics series by Edgar Pierre Jacobs. The series was directed by Stéphane Bernasconi, and produced by French animation studio Ellipse, shown originally in 1997.

Networks: Canal+, M6, France 3
Number of episodes: 26
First episode date: 5 July 1997
Adapted from: Blake and Mortime
The Adventures of Blake & Mortimer is a
Belgian comics series created by writer
and comics artist Edgar P. Jacobs. It was
one of the first book series to appear in
the Franco-Belgian comics magazine
Tintin in 1946, and was subsequently
published in book form by Belgian comic
book publisher Le Lombard.

They done great job to keep faithful to books and can see made story pace fit with same fromat as tintin tv series which works well in two parts of each adventures give you enough to get you to read more adventures of Bllake and Mortimer of tv episodes did not cover

Issue 10

Cartoon Characters

G M K C U D Y F F A D W Y N R M W SAGIPYKROPEOWEIOBOAC YRBARTSIMPSONGOUEPRU EVYTDMDQEERNHDGSTEFD OIKJGKBLMBUTYSNNTYID ONCTFWEIERYWBOPIYEEL H T O I Q P T I D M O U O R H J B M PHRVEELAOONPZWHW 0 GELPSROUDNYXOEKS 0 NMCAARSPYJFEZXZ Ρ OAMHHEE Ν OTS T N ILF D KRCCICESUOME INN Ι M Y GTEOKPWILEECOYOT Е NAFETKATWEETYBI R D O OIRORUMNSYLVESTERUNF H N S N O W L O D J P Y F O O G T S A R ZPMQXOVPCDIVPLSAKEME ELKNIWLLUBAEGFNTWMOM MYIMSUJRLXLLMAPPUFTL SHVCLZZYOGIBEARWORHE



BART SIMPSON
BULLWINKLE
DAFFY DUCK
FRED FLINTSTONE
HONG KONG PHOOEY
MIGHTY MOUSE
PLUTO
ROAD RUNNER
SYLVESTER
WILEE COYOTE

WOODY WOODPECKER

BETTY BOOP CHARLIE BROWN DONALD DUCK GARFIELD MICKEY MOUSE MINNIE MOUSE POPEYE ROCKY TOM AND JERRY TWEETY BIRD

BUGS BUNNY
CHIP AND DALE
ELMER FUDD
GOOFY
YOGI BEAR
PEPE-LE-PEW
PORKY PIG
SNOOPY
YOSEMITE SAM
MARVIN THE MARTAIN

KO-KO HOT AFTER IT.





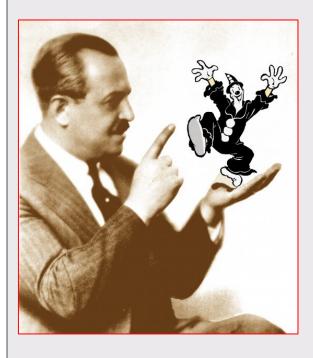






Koko the Clown: Creator: Max Fleischer Koko the Clown is an animated cartoon character created by Max Fleischer. His first appearance as the main protagonist in Out of the Inkwell (1918–1929), a major animated series of the silent era Max Fleischer was a Polish-American animator and studio owner. Born in Kraków, Poland, Fleischer immigrated to the United States where he became a pioneer in the development of the animated cartoon and served as the head of Fleischer Studios, which he co-founded with his younger brother Dave. He brought such comic characters as Koko the Clown, Betty Boop, Popeye, and Superman to the movie screen,

https://fleischertoons.com/



Born: 19 July 1883, Kraków, Poland

Died: 11 September 1972 (age 89 years), Los Angeles, California, United States

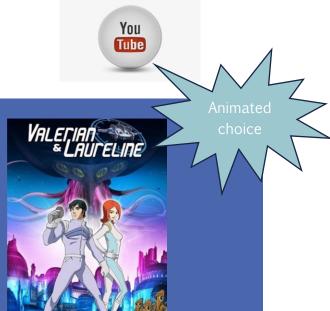
Siblings: Dave Fleischer, Lou Fleischer

Children: Richard Fleischer, Ruth Fleischer

Parents: William Fleischer,



TIME JAM: VALERIAN & LAURELINE



Space Time Agent trainee Valerian breaks the first rule of time travel and rescues Laureline, a girl about to be executed in 10th century France. The resulting shock wave alters the universe. When he and Laureline return to the future, Earth has disappeared and it is up to them both to repair the damage they caused. Hopefully without writing themselves out of existence. The TV series differs from the original comics in that in the TV series Valerian comes from the year 2417 instead of 2720, and meets Laureline in the year 912 instead of 1000. Whereas in the comics Valerian takes Laureline back to his own time without any trouble, in the animated series this results in Earth disappearing from the Solar System. The couple settle in the galactic capital Central Point and realize they are possibly the only humans left. They begin a new life as space mercenaries and adventurers, exploring the new space-time continuum while at the same time attempting to rediscover the Earth.

Although its tone and storyline are different from the original work, this adaptation borrows many characters, settings and plot elements from the comics.

https://www.youtube.com/@valerianlaurelineenglishof984

official YouTube channel link



Tibetan Dog 2011

Tibetan Dog 2011 film choice

----- D ANSERSON

After his mother dies, Jiantan has to leave Xi'an to live with his father on the Tibetan steppe, where he meets a golden dog that helps him cope with the new challenges ahead.

Release date: 15 July 2011 (China)

Director: <u>Masayuki Kojima</u>
Languages: <u>Japanese</u>, <u>Tibetan</u>

Box office: 1.35 million CNY (in China) **Based on:** Mastiffs of the Plateau;

a 2011 Chinese/Japanese animated film directed by Masayuki Kojima, co-produced by Madhouse, China Film Group Corporation and Ciwen Pictures.It is based on the novel Mastiffs of the Plateau by Yang Zhijun. It premiered at the 51st Annecy Film Festival in June 2011. Manga artist Naoki Urasawa provided the initial character designs before they were reworked by Shigeru Fujita. In this film, a young boy named Tenzing leaves for Tibet after his mother passes away to live with his father in the prairies and encounters a true friend in the form of a golden Tibetan Mastiff. Maiden Japan released the film on home video in the U.S.



Winner of the Platinum Grand Prize during the 2012 Future Film Festival, held in Italy.

Tibetan Dog Film

Review

By D Anderson

----- D ANDERSON

A wonderful film that catch to setsa of trides live diffdent custums live side to sides whare new wild dog comes part Tenizn helped deal with changes of new life as they both outsidsders

Plot; Jiantan is a young boy who has to leave Xi'an after the death of his mother to go deep into the Tibetan prairies and start living with the father he barely remembers. His dad, LaGeBa, is a busy doctor who decided to depart from the city and reside in Tibet where he is the essential physician of the poor community he lives in. To help his father, Jiantan has to learn how to herd sheep. While trying to learn his new responsibility, he is saved by a stray gold-colored Tibetan Mastiff. Both Jiantan and the big dog help each other as they try to adjust to this new environment. the pack. The Tibetan Dog is a 2011

Chinese/Japanese animated film based on the novel *Mastiffs of the Plateau* by Yang Zhijun. It was animated by both Madhouse and Ciwen Media, directed by Masayuki Kojima, and it premiered in Chinese theaters on July 15, 2011, and then in Japanese theaters on January 7, 2012. Naoki Urasawa did the inital character designs before being reworked by Shigeru Fujita.

But his new friend fell on suspicion of sranged willed deaths atack anamals and people , rather enjoyed film cath you a pocket taste of way of life diffenent part of world , the art and animation is just wondrful the script story told in good pace not feel to long or too short to get story crosss ,

All the characters feel fresh out like you know from local vilagers all yor life who live with role to play to keep way life custums and respet .

https://youtu.be/dhvyfnytRx4?si=d2tKd41b C3jX3FV5





Extea 24



Zeehonden Centrum Pieterburen - released. Seals live @ Seal Rehabilitation and Research Centre (Pieterburen, The Netherlands)

Adorable Dutch Webcam of Rescued Seals Is a Big Hit in Japan (WATCH)

Good News Network

----- BY ANDY CORBLE

This year, GNN has featured a variety of stories showing how viral posts on social media do a world of good, all around the world.

Yet another entry in the series comes now from the Netherlands, where a 24-hour live stream of a seal rehab center went viral on social media 8 time zones away in Japan.

The Zeehonden Center in Pieterburen is one of the premier seal hospitals in Northern Europe. They take in sick or injured seals, and handle them in such a way as to maximize the chances of preserving their wild instincts. This includes rehabilitation from injuries, and fit to purpose, the center has a large pool for young seals to swim in safely. The center set up a 24-hour live stream—a recently popularized tool in the zookeeper and conservationists toolkit to help with outreach and education. Last Thursday, the Japanese X account @hokahoka_times shared the livestream of the Pieterburen Seal Center with the text: "Let's all watch a seal sanctuary in the Netherlands for 24 hours."

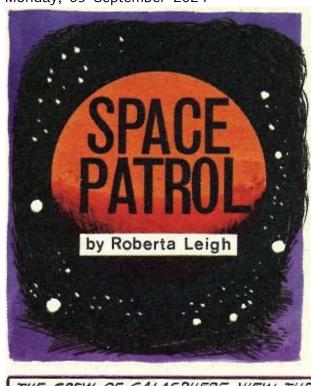
That message has now been shared 30,000 times and reached 14 million people.

On the first day, hundreds of additional viewers tuned into the live stream, and donations flooded into the recuse center.

"It was convenient that the seals were just fed, so that viewers in Japan could see that their donations were going well," says Marco Boshoven, spokesperson for the Seal Center, in a translated statement.Boshoven told Nu.nl that the center received in a single day as many donations as they typically receive in a month, so the digital outreach team got to work trying to cater to the Japanese, who by the next day were arriving digitally to watch the seals by the thousands. "We are answering their questions via a translation program, so there's an educational side to it as well," Boshoven said.

HTTPS://WWW.YOUTUBE.COM/WATCH?V=AXASMCM
TJTC

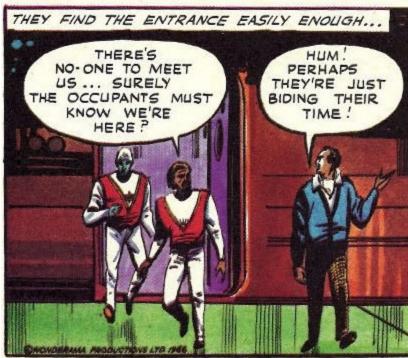
5 — Extea 24





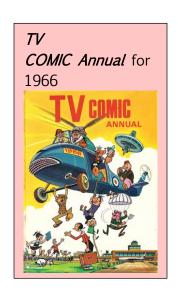








SPACE PATROL was a show made in '62 (broadcast in '63) which had obvious similarities to GERRY ANDERSON'S FIREBALL XL5. ROBERTA LEIGH wrote and also produced the programme, and ARTHUR PROVIS was responsible for the cinematography. Both of them had previously worked with Anderson, Leigh on TORCHY The BATTERY BOY (her creation) and Provis as his business partner in AP FILMS.

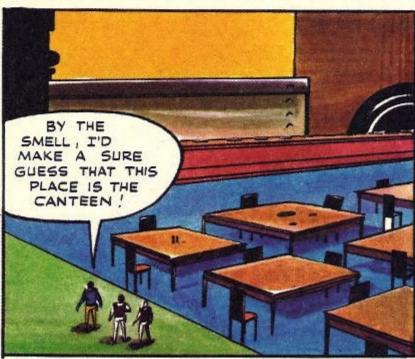










































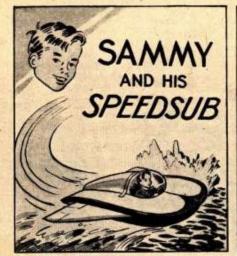


Swift was a British weekly comics magazine published by in the UK as a junior companion to the Eagle. From the pages of Swift, late '50's. Art on most pages by Bill Mevin. A few years later, Mevin went on to draw Supercar, another multipurpose vehicle. Mevin also drew Doctor Who in TV Comic, as well as Space Patrol.



It was founded by the Rev. Marcus Morris and launched by Hulton Press in 1954. After Hultons were sold to Odhams Press in 1959, Swift absorbed Odhams' weekly title Zip and inherited a number of its strips. Swift was merged into the Eagle in 1963.





Sammy looks in a window and sees Mrs Fenton, one of his neighbours, tied up in a chair, with two men standing over her. One of the men shoots at Sammy, but he escapes. The men get away in a car they have stolen.











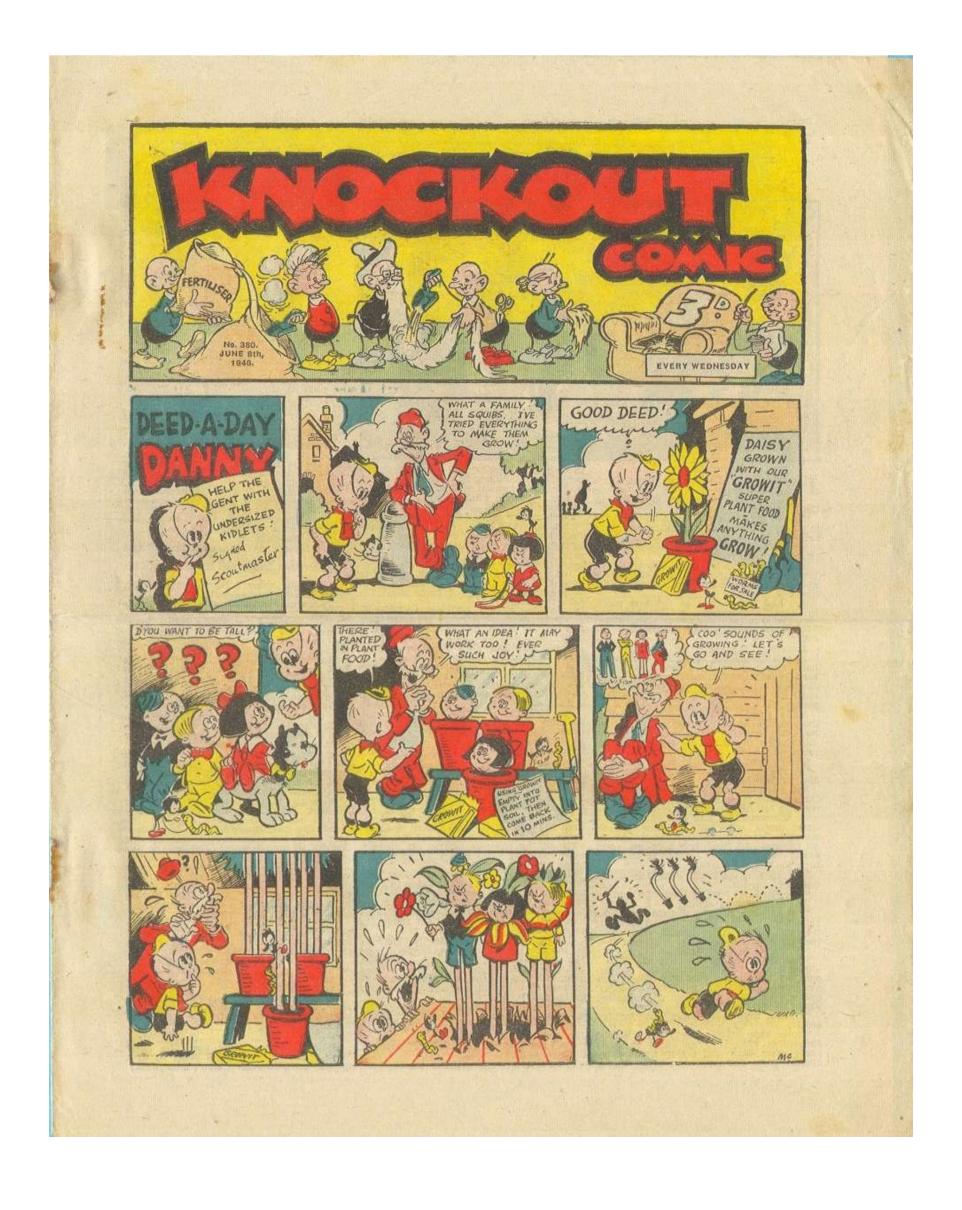


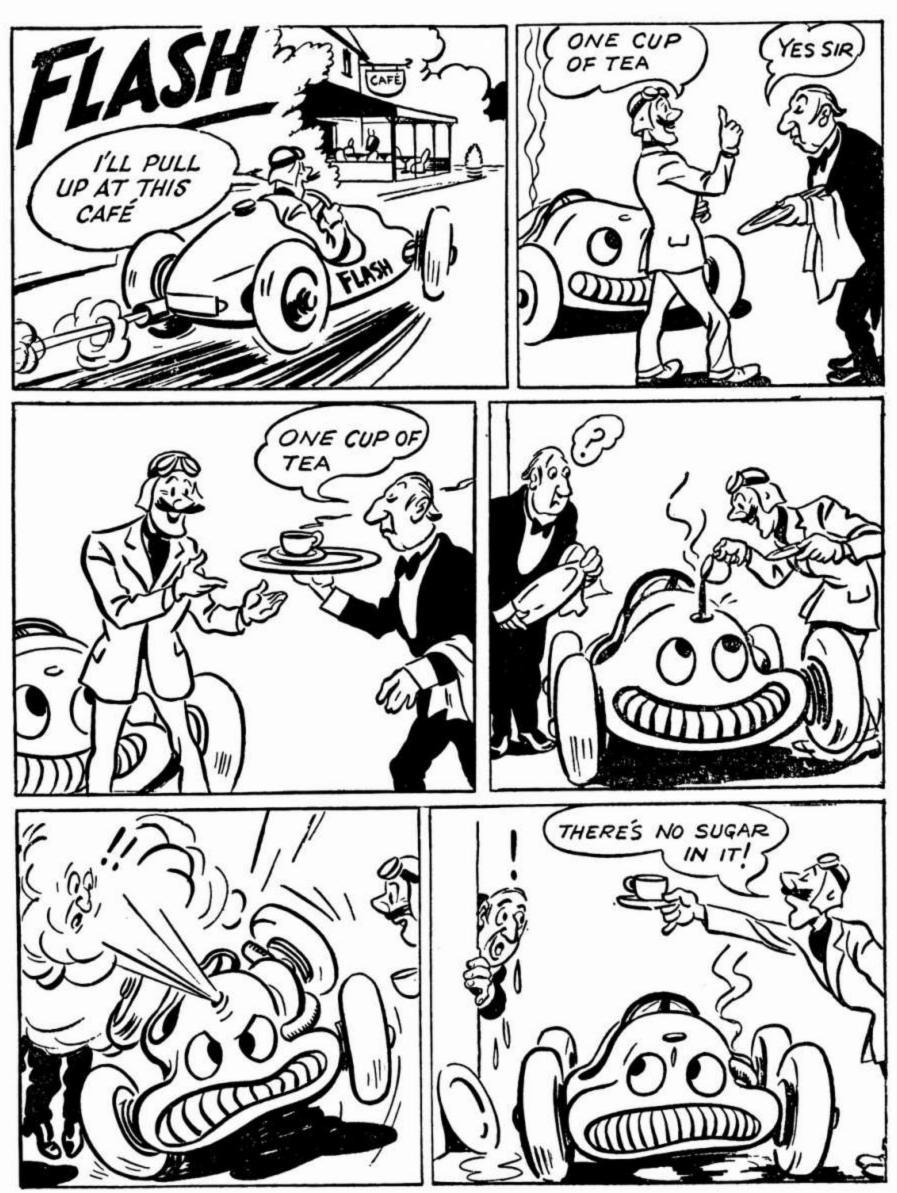


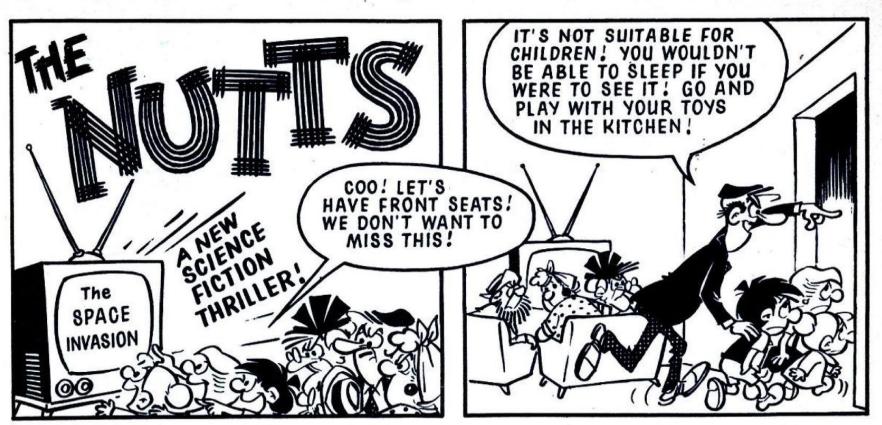


2 ANOTHER THRILLING 'SAMMY' ADVENTURE BEGINS NEXT WEEK











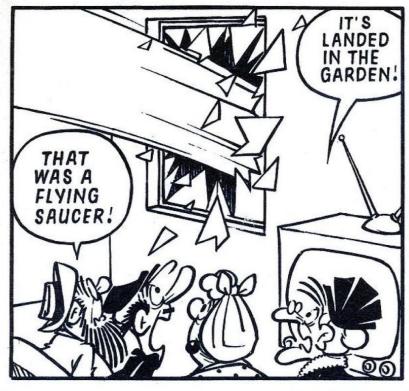


















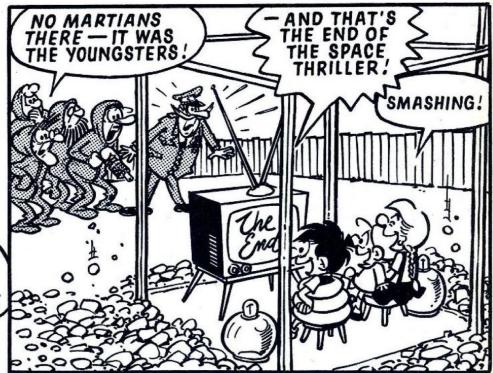






































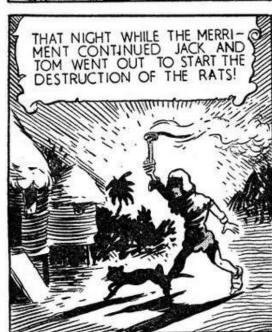








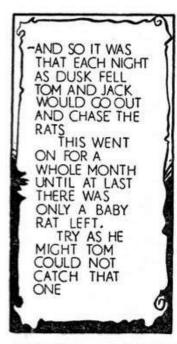




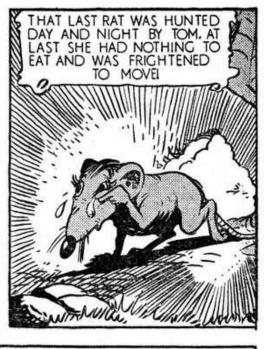


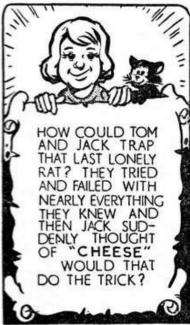






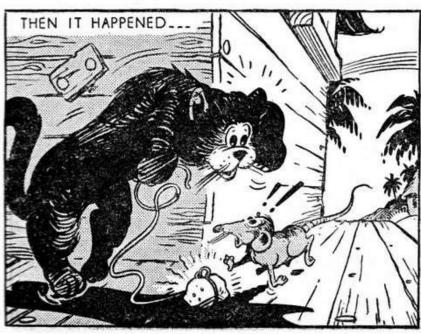




















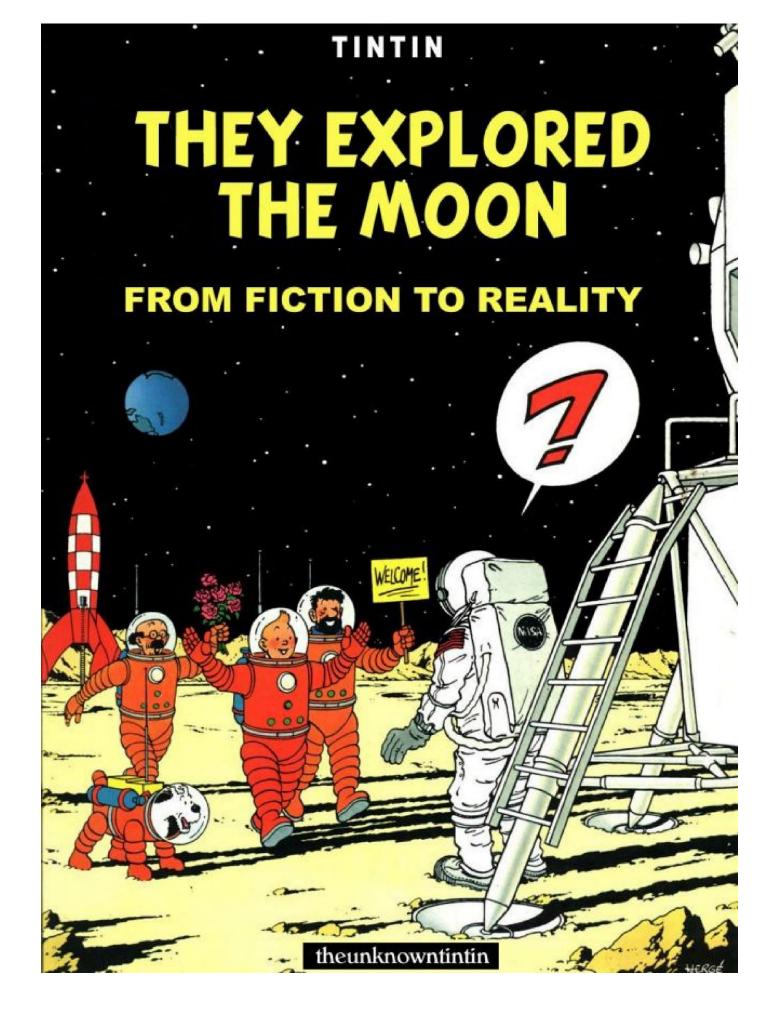


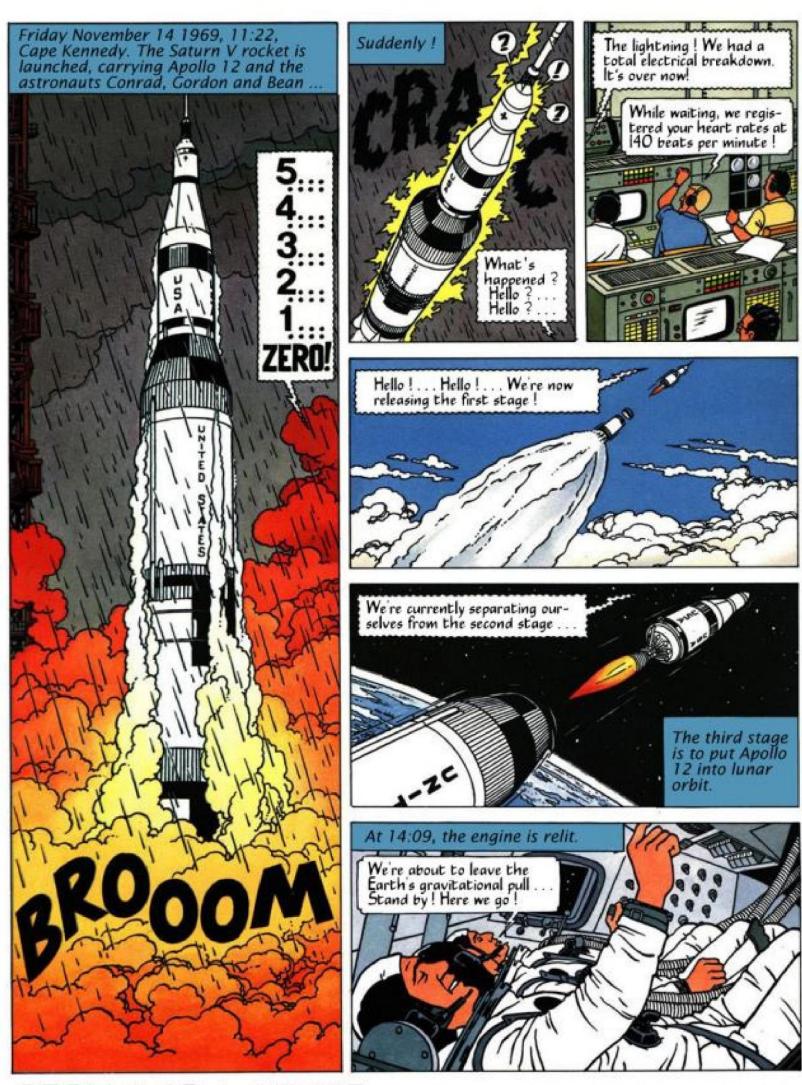








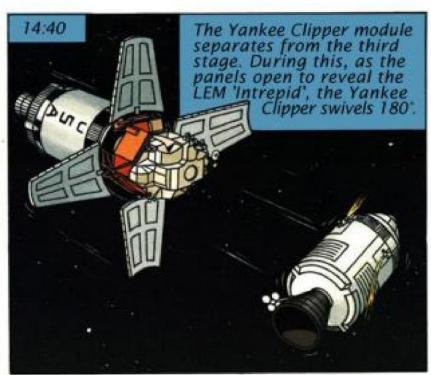




RPOLLO 12 by HERGE

Created by Herge in black and white for the weekly 'Paris-Match' (No. 1073 of 29th November, 1969)







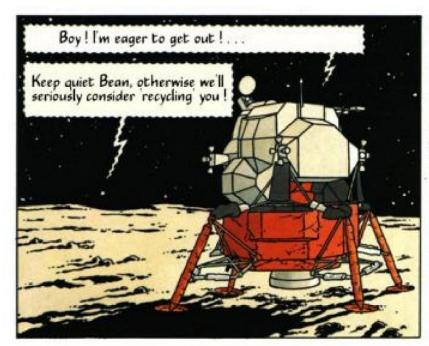






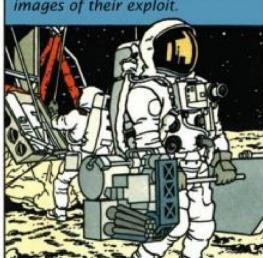




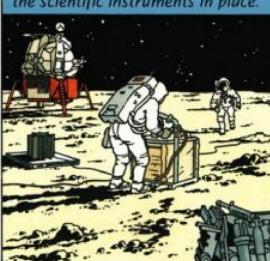




A few moments later, Conrad and Bean unload the television camera that will be used to transmit the images of their exploit.

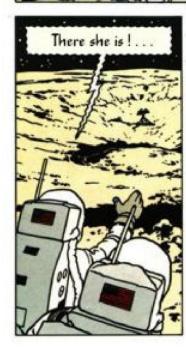


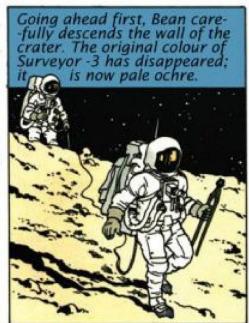
After Bean joins his companion, they set about their first task of collecting lunar stones and putting the scientific instruments in place.

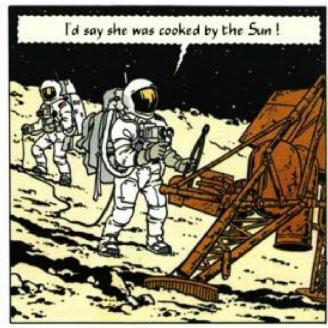


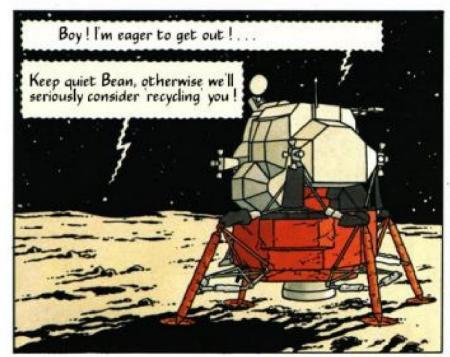
For their second expedition, Conrad and Bean are to go to a wreck lying at the bottom of a crater: that of Surveyor -3.



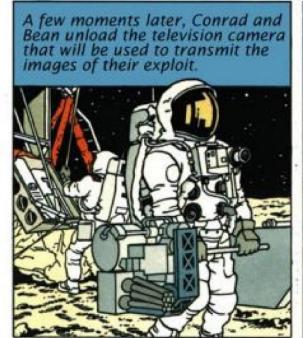




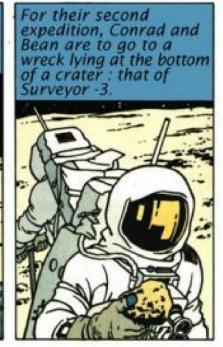


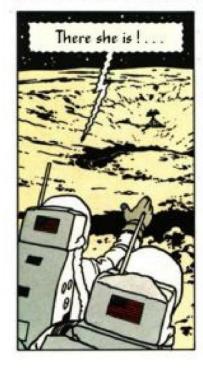


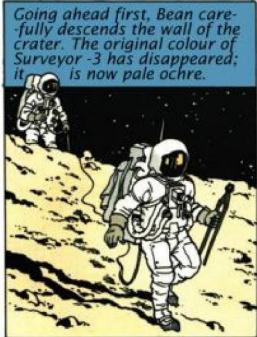




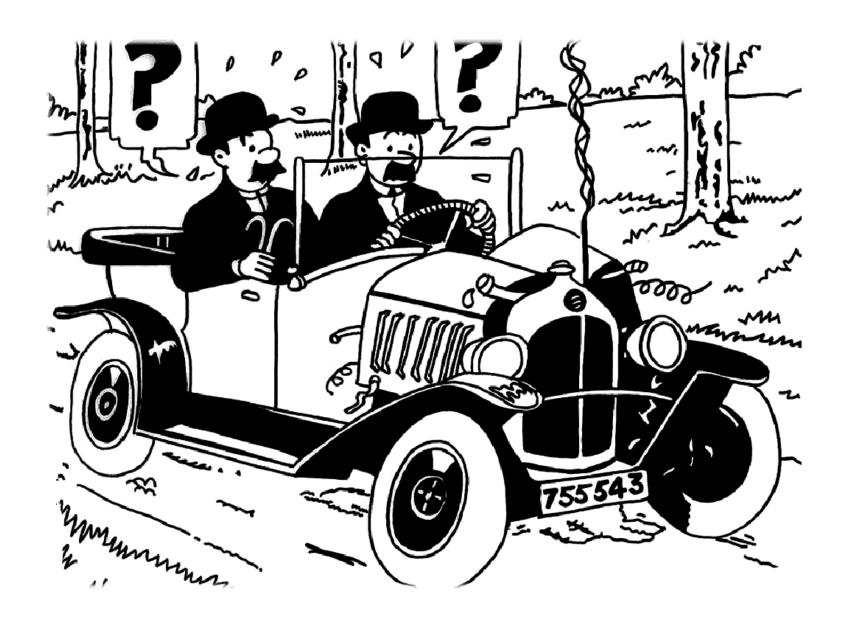












Tintin

| Ε | ٧ | E | K | Н | E | R | G | E | R | 0 | 0 | С | Α |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| R | М | V | G | I | Ε | R | U | Т | N | Ε | ٧ | D | Α |
| В | 0 | V | F | E | Ε | R | Ε | M | Ι | R | Α | Р | S |
| 0 | V | S | С | G | R | Ε | В | L | E | I | Р | S | Α |
| 0 | I | В | S | Α | N | I | Т | N | I | Т | R | С | N |
| Κ | Ε | С | I | E | Р | R | G | I | 0 | Н | M | Α | Р |
| S | R | D | Α | Α | F | T | R | N | В | 0 | Т | S | D |
| Р | E | I | S | L | N | 0 | Α | E | S | М | Н | Т | M |
| Ε | Р | 0 | T | Α | С | С | R | I | Ε | S | 0 | Α | Р |
| R | 0 | S | E | 0 | 0 | U | Α | Р | N | 0 | M | F | S |
| Α | R | S | V | I | S | Α | L | S | K | N | Р | I | N |
| 0 | Т | Α | E | R | Ε | G | Р | U | S | М | S | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | E | S | N | G | I | Т | L | Α | S | L | 0 | R | W |
| С | R | Α | Α | K | С | 0 | D | D | Α | Н | N | Ε | Υ |

HERGE PROFESSOR SPIELBERG CALCULUS CASTAFIORE CAPTAIN STEVEN THOMSON BIANCA REPORTER TINTIN REMI SNOWY **ADVENTURE HADDOCK** THOMPSON MOVIE **BOOKS**

BREAKING NEWS: Stonehenge's iconic Altar Stone may have come from Scotland – not Wales – meaning there could have been long-distance trade networks in Neolithic times.

The discovery was made during a study led by Australian scientists, who think the massive stone could have been transported by sea more than 5,000 years ago. Previous geological research suggested that the six-tone slab probably originated from the Brecon Beacons in south east Wales.

Now, scientists have concluded that the monumental Altar Stone actually hails over 460 miles from Salisbury Plain in north east Scotland.

For more than a century, archaeologists have known that some of the stones at Stonehenge came from Wales and were transported - somehow - about 125 miles (200km) to the site of the Neolithic monument on Salisbury Plain.

Now, a "jaw-dropping" study has revealed that one of Stonehenge's central megaliths is not Welsh at all - it is actually Scottish.

In a discovery described by one of the scientists involved as "genuinely shocking", new analysis has found that the largest "bluestone" at Stonehenge was dragged or floated to the site from the very north-east corner of Scotland a distance of at least 466 miles (about 750km)





The Greater, or Stonehenge, Cursus, a huge rectangular earthwork enclosure 1.7 miles long, seen from the air in 2000

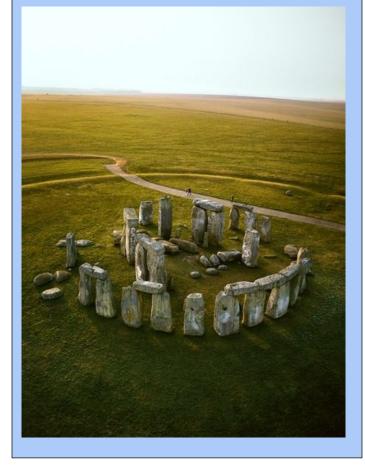
The Greater, or Stonehenge, Cursus, a huge rectangular earthwork enclosure 1.7 miles long, seen from the air in 2000

Before Stonehenge

The earliest structures known in the immediate area are four or five pits, three of which appear to have held large pine 'totempole like' posts erected in the Mesolithic period, between 8500 and 7000 BC.[1] It is not known how these posts relate to the later monument of Stonehenge.

At this time, when much of the rest of southern England was largely covered by woodland, the chalk downland in the area of Stonehenge may have been an unusually open landscape.[2] It is possible that this is why it became the site of an early Neolithic monument complex.

This complex included the causewayed enclosure at Robin Hood's Ball, two cursus monuments or rectangular earthworks (the Greater, or Stonehenge, and Lesser Cursus), and several long barrows, all dating from the centuries around 3500 BC. The presence of these monuments probably influenced the later location of Stonehenge.



STONEHENGE

Stonehenge is a prehistoric megalithic structure on Salisbury Plain in Wiltshire, England, two miles west of Amesbury. It consists of an outer ring of vertical sarsen standing stones, each around 13 feet high, seven feet wide, and weighing around 25 tons, topped by connecting horizontal lintel stones.

Height: Each standing stone was around 13 ft (4.0 m) high

Stonehenge is perhaps the world's most famous prehistoric monument. It was built in several stages: the first monument was an early henge monument, built about 5,000 years ago, and the unique stone circle was erected in the late Neolithic period about 2500 BC. In the early Bronze Age many burial mounds were built nearby.

Today, together with Avebury, Stonehenge forms the heart of a World Heritage Site, with a unique concentration of prehistoric monuments.